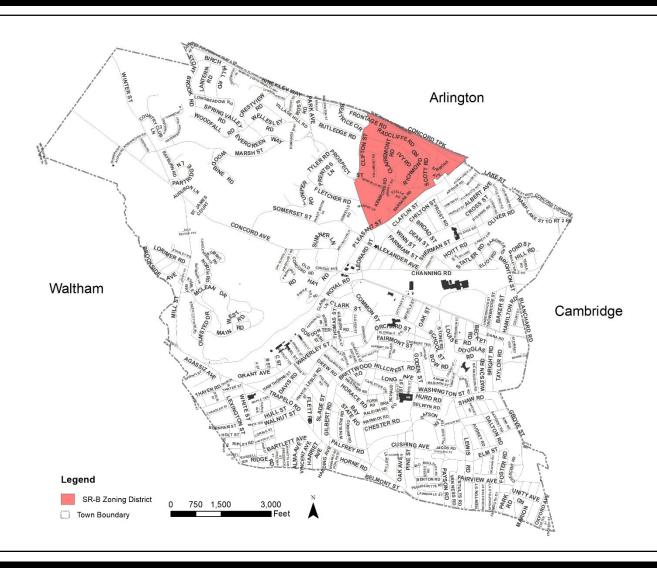
#### Planning Board Continued Public Hearing

# Single Residence B

#### Proposed 2019 Zoning Amendments

Tuesday, March 19, 2019

## Locus Map



Public Hearing for Proposed SR-B Zoning Amendment

#### **Outstanding Questions for the Board**

01

Should the By-Law use the GR model (Special Permit required from either ZBA or PB), or The SR-C model (Either the project is By-Right or a Special Permit from the PB is required)?

#### **Outstanding Questions for the Board**

01

Should the By-Law use the GR model (Special Permit required from either ZBA or PB), or The SR-C model (Either the project is By-Right or a Special Permit from the PB is required)?

02

Does the PB want to retain the 3,000 sf threshold, reduce/increase the square footage amount, and/or move forward without the 700 sf threshold?

#### **Outstanding Questions for the Board**

01

Should the By-Law use the GR model (Special Permit required from either ZBA or PB), or The SR-C model (Either the project is By-Right or a Special Permit from the PB is required)?

02

Does the PB want to retain the 3,000 sf threshold, reduce/increase the square footage amount, and/or move forward without the 700 sf threshold?

03

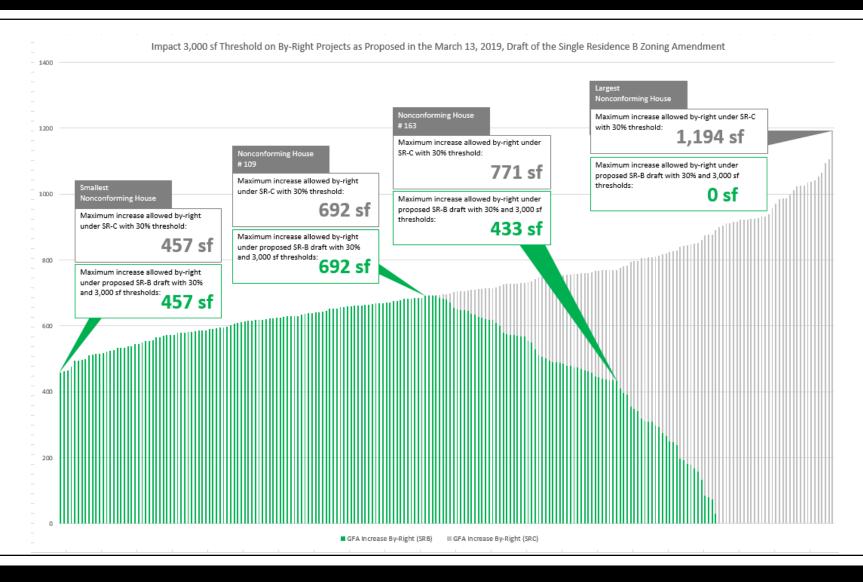
As drafted, any increase in the height (feet or stories) no matter the GFA will require a Special Permit from the PB. Is this the intent of the PB?

#### **Special Permit Triggers**

- 2. If the Building Commissioner determines that such proposed alteration or structural change to the existing nonconforming structure increases:
  - a) The height in feet or in number of stories; or,
  - b) The gross floor area by:
    - i. More than thirty percent (30%), or,
    - ii. Any amount that results in a structure with a gross floor area (including basements and any interior parking and loading areas, but not including cellars or areas having less than six feet floor-to-ceiling height) of 3,000 sf or greater,

Either as a standalone application, in and of itself, or when combined with the gross floor area added to the structure during the five-year period preceding the date of the pending application, then the proposed alteration or structural change shall require a Special Permit from the Planning Board.

### 3,000 sf Threshold Analysis



#### **Special Permit Triggers**

- 2. If the Building Commissioner determines that such proposed alteration or structural change to the existing nonconforming structure **either**:
  - a) Increases the gross floor area, either as a standalone application, in and of itself, or when combined with the gross floor area added to the structure during the five-year period preceding the date of the pending application, by:
    - i. More than thirty percent (30%), or,
    - ii. Any amount that results in a structure with a gross floor area (including basements and any interior parking and loading areas, but not including cellars or areas having less than six feet floor-to-ceiling height) of 3,000 sf or greater; or,
  - b) Alters the nonconforming height of the structure, either in feet or in number of stories, no matter the gross floor area of either the alteration or the existing structure;

Then the proposed alteration or structural change shall require a Special Permit from the Planning Board.

Public Hearing for Proposed SR-B Zoning Amendment

#### **Topographic Considerations**

- (4) The Planning Board may grant a Special Permit under this Section 1.5.4.B. (2) or (3) if it finds that the enlarged building:
  - c) Is appropriate in scale and mass for the neighborhood, and addresses topographic challenges conditions in a way that avoids the disproportionate distribution of bulk and mass, with particular consideration for the minimization of impacts imposed upon abutting properties;
- (5) In making any Special Permit decision pursuant to this Section 1.5.4.B. (2) or (3), the Planning Board shall consider the following:
  - c) Topographic challenges conditions faced by Applicants, and the degree to which Applicants mitigate potential detrimental impacts upon abutters;

#### Clarification in the Language

The Assessor's Database indicates that there are: single-family, two-family, and condominiums in the SR-B, therefore the term "Dwelling" was used to capture all of these types of housing since it is already defined in the Zoning By-Law as:

A building containing one or more dwelling units separated by side yards from any other structure or structures except accessory buildings.

As a result, the following revisions were made throughout the proposed amendment:

nonconforming single- and two-family dwelling structure