RECEIVED TOWN CLERK BELMONT, MA

# Minutes of the By-Law Review Committee meeting held February 27, 2013 7:30 PM PELMONT, MA 2017 AUG 17 PM 4: 31

Board of Registrars Conference Room, Town Hall, 455 Concord Avenue

Attendees: Charles Hamann, Chair, Mark Thurber, Raymond Miyares, , Robert Gallant, Ellen O'Brien Cushman (ex-officio)

Others attending: Glenn Clancy, Director of Office of Community Development Agenda:

Status update on the General Code project

The Committee reviewed the latest submission by General Code for the complete recodification of the General By-Laws. The work is on track for inclusion in a Special Town Meeting warrant for May 29, 2013. Ellen continues to perform proofreading on the Committee's behalf, working with Ray Miyares as drafting questions arise.

## Annual Town Meeting Articles -

Stormwater Management

The Committee reviewed the current draft of the Stormwater By-Law as provided by Glenn Clancy, Director - Office of Community Development. Glenn has been working with Town Counsel. A new draft provided by Glenn has been marked up, attached with specific comments from the Committee members. Motion to approve the Stormwater By-Law with the changes discussed this evening, as to form and placement. Unanimous Vote

Drafts of the Police Chief Appointing Authority 4.8.2 was not available before the meeting. Another meeting will be scheduled.

Minutes of the September 25, 2012 meeting were approved Meeting adjourned at 9:20 PM.

Respectfully submitted, Ellen O'Brien Cushman

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Stormwater Management and Erosion Control By-Law

Review

## 34.1 Purposes

The purposes of this By-Law is to are:

- (a) <u>To p</u>Prevent pollutants from entering the Town of Belmont's Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4);
- (b) <u>To p</u>Prohibit illicit connections and unauthorized discharges to the (MS4) and to require the removal of all such illicit connections
- (c) <u>To c</u>Comply with state and federal statutes and regulations relating to stormwater discharges;
- (d) To eEstablish the legal authority to ensure compliance with the provisions of this By-Law through permitting, inspection, monitoring, and enforcement;
- (e) <u>To c</u>Control runoff and prevent soil erosion and sedimentation resulting from construction site stormwater runoff,
- (f) To pPromote infiltration and the recharge of groundwater;
- (g) To pProtect, maintain and enhance the public safety, environment, health, and general welfare by establishing minimum requirements and procedures to manage stormwater runoff; and
- (h) <u>To e</u>Ensure that soil erosion and sedimentation control measures and stormwater runoff control practices are incorporated into the site planning and design process and are implemented and maintained.

#### 34.2 Definitions

For the purposes of this By-Law, the following definitions shall apply:

ALTERATION — Any activity, that which will change the ability of a ground surface area to absorb water or will change existing surface drainage patterns. Examples include, but are not limited to, construction of new structures, earthmoving, paving, and modification of existing vegetation.

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) — Structural, non-structural, and managerial techniques that are recognized to be the most effective and practical means to prevent and/or reduce minimize increases in stormwater volumes and flows, reduce point\_-source and nonpoint\_ source pollution, and promote stormwater quality and protection of the environment.

BOARD OF SELECTMEN - TShall mean the collective elected members and/or their its designee.

CLEAN WATER ACT — The Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. §§ 1251 et seq.) as it may hereafter be amended.

CONSTRUCTION SITE: Any site where activity is proposed or occurs that involves the alteration of more than 2,500 square feet of land.

DEVELOPMENT – The alteration of land to accommodate a new use or <u>an expansion or modification</u> of <u>an existing use[JRM2].</u>

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL-OR WASTE—Any material, that, which because of its quantity, concentration, chemical, corrosive, flammable, reactive, toxic, infectious or radioactive characteristics, either separately or in combination with any substance or substances, constitutes a present or potential threat to human health, safety, welfare, or to the environment. -Toxic or Hazardous materials include any synthetic organic chemical, petroleum product, heavy metal, radioactive or infectious wastematerial, acid and alkali, and any substance defined as Toxic or Hazardous under M.G.L.A. c.21C and c. 21E, orand the regulations at 310 CMR 30.000 orand 310 CMR 40.0000.

ILLICIT CONNECTION: A surface or subsurface drain or conveyance that, which allows an illicit discharge into the municipal storm drain system, including without limitation sewage, process wastewater, or wash water including and any connections from an indoor drains, sinks, toilets, or

laundry facilityies, regardless of whether said the connection was previously allowed, permitted, or approved before the effective date of this Bby-Llaw.

ILLICIT DISCHARGE: Any dDirect or indirect discharge to the municipal storm drain system that is not composed entirely of stormwater, including, without limitation, any discharge of composed entirely of stormwater, including, without limitation, any discharge of composed entirely of stormwater, except as exempted in Section 34.5.3. The term does not include a discharge in compliance with an NPDES Stormwater Discharge Permit or a Surface Water Discharge Permit.

IMPERVIOUS SURFACE — Any material or structure on, above or below the ground that prevents water from infiltrating through to the underlying soil. Impervious surfaces is defined to include, without limitation: paved surfaces (e.g., parking lots, sidewalks, and driveways), roof tops and, swimming pools.

MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING LANDSCAPING, GARDENS OR LAWN AREAS – The act of trimming, pruning, mowing <u>orand</u> edging-of existing vegetation.

MASSACHUSETTS STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STANDARDS — The latest version as may be amended from time to time of the Stormwater Management Standards and accompanying Stormwater Handbook(s) issued by the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to authority under the Wetlands Protection Act, M.G.L. c. 131, section—§ 40, and the Massachusetts Clean Waters Act, M.G.L. c. 21, sections—§§ 26 — 53, as such Standards and Handbooks may be hereafter amended.

(MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEM (MS4) or OR MUNICIPAL STORM-DRAIN SYSTEM — The system of conveyances, owned or operated by the Town of Belmont, that is designed or used for collecting or conveying stormwater, including any road with a

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drainage system, street, gutter, curb, inlet, piped storm drain, pumping facility, retention or detention basin, natural or man-made or altered drainage channel, swale, culvert, channel, catch basin, outfall, outlet, reservoir, <u>orand</u> other drainage structure that together comprise the storm drainage system owned or operated by the Town of Belmont.

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) STORMWATER DISCHARGE PERMIT — A permit issued by the United States Environmental Protection Agency or jointly with the state that authorizes the discharge of stormwater containing pollutants into waters of the United States.

NONPOINT SOURCE POLLUTION Any source of water pollution having a source that does not meet the legal definition of is not a "point source." in section 502(14) of the Clean Water Act.

NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGE — <u>A d</u>Discharge <u>into</u> the municipal storm drain system <u>that is not</u> composed entirely of stormwater.

(OPFICE OF COMMUNITY DEVElopment & Engineering Division)

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN - A plan setting up the functional, financial and organizational mechanisms for the ongoing operation and maintenance of a stormwater management system to einsure that it continues to function as designed.

PERSON — An individual, partnership, association, firm, company, trust, corporation, agency, authority, department or political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts or the federal government, to the extent permitted by law, and any officer, employee, or agent of such person.

POINT SOURCE - Any discernible, confined and discrete conveyance, including, but not without limitationed to, any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, concentrated animal feeding operation, or vessel or other floating craft, from which pollutants are or may be discharged. Theis term does not include agricultural storm-water discharges and return flows from irrigated agriculture.

POLLUTANT: Any element or property characteristic of sewage, agricultural, industrial or commercial waste, runoff, leachate, heated effluent, or other matter whether originating at a point or nonpoint source, that is or may be introduced into Belmont's MS4 or waters of the Commonwealth. Pollutants shall include, but are not be limited to:

- (a) Ppaints, varnishes, and solvents;
- (b) Ooil and other automotive fluids;
- (c) Nnon-hazardous liquid and solid wastes and yard wastes;
- (d) Rrefuse, rubbish, garbage, litter, or other discarded or abandoned
- objects, ordnances, accumulations and floatables;
- (e) Presticides, herbicides, and fertilizers;
- (f) Hhazardous materials and wastes;
- (g) Sewage, fecal coliform and pathogens;
- (h) Delissolved and particulate metals;
- (i) Aanimal wastes;

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- (i) Rrock, sand, salt, silt, soils;
- (k) Ceonstruction wastes and residues; and
- (1) Nnoxious or offensive matter of any kind.

RECHARGE — The process by which groundwater is replenished by precipitation.

REDEVELOPMENT — Alteration of previously developed land.

RUNOFF —The water from rain, snowmelt or irrigation that flows over the land surface and is not absorbed into the ground, instead flowing into the municipal storm drain system or streams or other surface waters or land depressions.

GROTTPROJ SOMERSTATION SANITORY Sewer System

STORMWATER—: Stormwater runoff, snow-melt runoff, and surface water runoff and drainage.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT — The use of structural or non-structural practices that are designed to reduce and control stormwater runoff pollutant loads, discharge volumes and/or peak flow discharge rates. Stormwater Management includes the use of Low-Impact Development (LID) management practices.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PERMIT — A permit issued by the Town of Belmont Office of Community Development, after review of an application, plans, calculations, and other supporting documents, approving a system that is designed to protect the environment of the Town from the deleterious effects of uncontrolled and untreated stormwater runoff.

Sternwitter Management Standards Eyrem Man Sternwater Mgml Goodends)

STORMWATER UTILITY - A legal eEntity used-established for the purpose of funding the operation, construction and maintenance of stormwater management devices that are components of the Town's MS4, for stormwater system planning, and management. A stormwater utility may generates its revenue through user fees and the revenues from the stormwater charges will go into a separate fund that may only be used for stormwater services.

VEGETATION – Trees, shrubs, bushes and ground cover, including grass.

WATERS OF THE COMMONWEALTH — All waters within the jurisdiction of the Commonwealth, including, without limitation, rivers, streams, lakes, ponds, springs, impoundments, estuaries, wetlands, coastal waters, and groundwater.

#### 34.3 Authority-and-Administration

34.3.1 This By-Law is adopted under authority granted by the Home Rule Amendment of the Massachusetts Constitution, the Home Rule statutes, and pursuant to the regulations of the federal Clean Water Act found at 40 OFR 122.34, and as authorized by the residents of the Town 74.3.1 34.3.2 The Board of Selectmen shall adopt, and may periodically amend, rules and regulations

relating to the terms, conditions, definitions, enforcement, fees (including application, inspection, and/or consultant fees), fines and penalties, application-requirements, procedures, and administration and enforcement of this By-Law, after conducting a public hearing to receive comments on any proposed rules and regulations. Failure to promulgate such rules and regulations, or a legal declaration of their invalidity by a court, shall not act-be construed to defer suspend or invalidate the effectiveness of this By-Law, IRMA

34.3.3 The Office of Community Development - Engineering Division (OCD) shall be responsible for the day-to-day administration of this By-Law and shall be the Stormwater Management and Erosion Control Permit Granting Authority.

34.3.4 The OCD shall have the authority to investigate suspected illicit discharges and to require the elimination of eillicit discharges.

## 34.4 Applicability

34.4.1 This By-Law shall apply to flows entering the MS4 of the Town of Belmont, except as exempted in Section 34.5.3.

34.4.2 This bylaw shall also apply to all construction activities described in Section 34.6.1, except as exempted in Section 34.6.2.

34.4.3 Stormwater discharges from construction activities (such as clearing, grading, excavating, and stockpiling) that disturb one or more acres, or smaller sites that are part of a larger common plan of development or sale, are also regulated under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) stormwater program. Prior to discharging stormwater, construction operators must also obtain coverage under a NPDES permit. NRM6]

#### 34.4 Permit Process

- 34.4.1 Permit procedures and requirements, including permit submittals, right-of-entry, fee schedule, and public hearing process, shall be defined and included as part of the Regulations promulgated under-pursuant to § 34.5 of this Bby-Llaw. At a minimum, the applicant must-shall meet the standards 1 through 10 of the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Stormwater Management Standards and Handbook-using-current Bbest Mmanagement Ppractices and the following;
- 34.4.2 A completed application for a Stormwater Management and Erosion Control Permit shall be filed with OCD. A permit must-shall be obtained prior to the commencement of any work regulated by this By-Law.
- 34.4.3 The OCD may secure the services of a Licensed Professional Engineer with expertise in stormwater management and erosion control to assist with the administration of this By-Law. [This service shall-may be funded from application and review fees charged to applicants during the Stormwater Management and Erosion Control Permit process. [JRM7]

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34.4.4 The OCD shall take final action on an application for a Stormwater Management and Erosion Control Permit within thirty (30) days from the receipt of a complete application. In response to an application for a Stormwater Management and Erosion Control Permit, tThe OCD may approve the application; approve the application with conditions; or disapprove the application. Failure by the OCD to take final action on an application within 30 days following the submittal-receipt of a complete application shall be deemed to be approval of the application, unless this timeframe is extended by mutual agreement of the OCD and applicant.

34.4.5 The applicant, or their an agent thereof, must shall notify obtain the approval of OCD in writing of prior to any change or modification of an activity authorized in a Stormwater Management and Erosion Control Permit before any change or modification occurs. The OCD will review the request for change or modification and may approve the request if it determines that the change or modification is consistent with the Regulations promulgated pursuant to § 34.5 interests of this By-Law, the Stormwater Management Standards and Best Management Practices. The OCD has the right to amend the existing permit and require additional stormwater runoff and erosion control measures prior to approval of the change or modification.

#### 34.5 Illicit Connection Detection & Elimination

#### 34.5.1 Prohibited Activities

## 34.5.1.1 Illicit Discharges.

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No person shall dump, discharge, or cause or allow to be discharged any <u>P</u>pollutant or <u>N</u>non-Stormwater <u>D</u>discharge into the <u>municipal separate storm sewer system</u> (MS4,), into a <u>municipal sewer s</u>

No person shall construct, use, allow, maintain or continue any <u>Iillicit Ceonnection to the municipal storm drain system</u>, regardless of whether the connection was permissible under applicable law, regulation or custom at the time of connection.

## 34.5.1.3 Obstruction of Municipal Storm Drain System.

No person shall obstruct or interfere with the normal flow of stormwater into or out of the municipal storm drain system without prior written approval from the Board-of-Selectmen-or-its-designee [JRM9].

#### 34.5.2 Regulated Activities

No person shall connect a pipe or other appurtenance to the Town of Belmont sanitary sewer system JRM101 or the Municipal Setorm Derain Seystem, or otherwise perform any modification, repair, rehabilitation, or replacement work on either system, without a Stormwater Management and Erosion Control Permit.

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### 34.5.3 Exemptions

The following <u>N</u>non-<u>S</u>stormwater <u>D</u>discharges or flows are exempt from <u>the</u> requirements of <u>Sections 34.4 and 34.5 of this By-Law provided that except if the OCD determines, after notice and an opportunity for hearing, that the source is not a significant contributor of a <u>P</u>pollutant to the <u>M</u>municipal <u>S</u>storm <u>D</u>drain <u>S</u>system:</u>

- (a) Water line flushing;
- (b) Landscape irrigation;
- (c) Diverted stream flows;
- (d) Rising ground waters,
- (e) Uncontaminated ground water infiltration (as defined at 40 CFR 35.2005[20]);
- (f) Uncontaminated pumped ground water;
- (g) Discharges from potable water sources;
- (h) Foundation drains;
- (i) Air conditioning condensation;
- (j) Irrigation water and, springs;
- (k) Water from crawl space pumps;
- (1) Footing drains;
- (m)-Lawn watering;
- (n) CIndividual resident ear washing undertaken by individual residents at their homes;
- (o) Flows from ripartan habitats firm Hand wetlands resource vareas.
- (p) De-chlorinated swimming pool discharges;
- (q) Street wash water and residential building wash waters, without detergents;
- (r) Discharges or flows from firefighting activities;
- (s) Dye testing, provided verbalif written notification premizing given to the OCD prior to the time of the test;
- (t) Non-Sstormwater Deischarges permitted under an NPDES permit, waiver, or waste discharge order administered under the authority of the United States U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, provided that the discharge is in full compliance with the requirements of the permit, waiver, or order and applicable laws and regulations, and
- (u) Discharges for which advanced written approval is received from the OCD if necessary to protect public health, safety, welfare or the environment, for which advanced written approval is received from the OCD.

## 34.5.4 Emergency Suspension of Storm Drain System Access

The OCD may suspend Mmunicipal Setorm Derain Seystem access to any person or property without prior written notice when such suspension is determined to be necessary to stop prevent or terminate an actual ora threatened or actual discharge of Ppollutants that presents imminent risk of harm to the public health, safety, welfare or the environment. In the event that any person fails to comply with an emergency suspension order issued pursuant to this section,

the OCD may take all reasonable steps to prevent or minimize harm to the public health, safety, welfare or the environment.

#### Stormwater Management and Erosion Control 34.6

## 34.6.1 Regulated Activities

A Stormwater Management and Erosion Control Permit shawill be required prior to starting undertaking any land disturbance within the person's property for the following that involves:

- (a) Any alteration that will result in land disturbances of 2,500 square feet of total area or more, or which that is part of a common plan for development that will disturb 2,500 square feet or more:/
- (b) Any alteration that will increase the amount of a lot's impervious surface area to more than 25% of the lot's total area; or
- (c) Storage or permanent placement of more than 100 cubic yards of excavate, fill, or snow

34.6.2 **Exempt Activities** 

o Lors of less than one acre Existing residential properties with three or fewer dwelling units shall be exempt from this

Section 34.6.

In addition, the following activities shall be exempt from the jurisdiction set forth above in-Section 34.6.1:

(a) Activities that disturb less than 2,500square feet of land or less than 25% of the lot, whichever is less:[JRM13]

(b) Any work or projects for which all necessary approvals and permits have been issued before the effective date of this By-Law;

(c) -Normal maintenance and improvement of and in agricultural use as defined by the Wetlands Protection Act, M.G.L. c. 131, § section 40, and its implementing regulations at 310 C.M.R. 10.04; [JRM]4]

(d) Luse of land for the primary purpose of agriculture, horticulture, floriculture, or viticulture, or the use, expansion, or reconstruction of existing structures for the primary purpose of agriculture, horticulture, floriculture, or viticulture, to the extentes protected under the Zoning Act, M.G.L. c. 40A, §section 3;[JRM15]

(e)(-Customary cemetery management;

(f) Stormwater discharges that are wholly subject to jurisdiction under the Wetlands Protection Act and demonstrate compliance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Standards as most recently revised and updated in accordance with revisions to the Wetlands regulations 310 C.M.R. 10.00, and as reflected inauthorized by an Order of Conditions or in a Determination of Applicability issued by the Conservation Commission; JRM16]

(g) Repair or replacement of an existing roof, patio, deck, or walkway that will not alter existing terrain or drainage patterns; [JKM17]

(h) -Maintenance of existing landscaping, gardens or lawn areas;

(i) C The construction, reconstruction, or repair of any fence or wall, that will not alter the existing terrain or drainage patterns; [JRM18]

(j) | Construction of utilities (e.g., gas, water, electric, telephone) other than drainage, that will not permanently alter terrain, ground cover, or drainage patterns [1] (1)

(k) Normal maintenance of Town-owned public land, ways, utilities and appurtenances[JRM20];

(1) \_-Emergency activities necessary to protect public health or safety, so long as all necessary emergency permits or emergency certifications have been or will be obtained;[JRM21]

## 34.6.3 General Requirements

34.6.3.1 An Operation and Maintenance Plan shall be submitted to the OCD and-for approvaled prior to the issuance of a Temporary or Final Certificate of Occupancy. [JRM22] The Operation and Maintenance Plan shall be designed to ensure compliance with the Stormwater Management and Erosion Control Permit, this By-Law, and the Massachusetts Surface Water Quality Standards, 314 C-M-R. 4.00, in all seasons and throughout the life of the system.

The OCD shall make the final decision of what maintenance options are appropriate. The Operation and Maintenance Plan shall remain on file with the OCD and shall be an ongoing

Operation and Maintenance Plan shall remain on file with the OCD and shall be an ongoing requirement.

34.6.3.2 As-built drawings showing all stormwater management systems shall be submitted are required to the OCD at the completion of a project prior to the issuance of a Temporary or Final Certificate of Occupancy[JRM23].

34.6.3.3 The OCD may require the applicant to contribute to the design cost of design, construction, and maintenance of a public or shared stormwater facility in lieu of an onsite stormwater facility where the OCD determines that there are not sufficient site conditions for onsite stormwater Bbest Mmanagement Ppractices in order tothat will meet satisfy the minimum design criteria described set forth in Section 34.6.4.1 of this By-Law and the performance standards set forth in the regulations promulgated under this By-Law. Funds so contributed may be used to design, construct, and maintain stormwater projects that will improve the quality and quantity of surface waters in Belmont by treating and recharging stormwater from existing impervious surfaces that is now discharged to said waters with inadequate treatment or recharge. [JRM24]The amount of any required contribution to the fund shall be determined by the OCD pursuant to standards established in the Regulations adopted pursuant to this By-Law

## 34.6.4 Design Criteria

- 34.6.4.1 The All Deevelopment or redevelopment of land-shall meet satisfy the following minimum design criteria:
  - (a) Compliance with Standards 1 through 10all applicable provisions of the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Standards, regardless of the proximity of the development to resource areas or their buffer zones, as defined by under the Massachusetts-Wetlands Protection Act, M.G.L. c. 131, § 40 and its implementing regulations; JRM25].

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- (b) Erosion and sediment controls must be implemented to prevent adverse impacts during disturbance and construction activities.
- (c) There shall be no change to the existing conditions of abutting properties from any increase in volume of stormwater runoff or from erosion, silting, flooding, sedimentation or impacts to wetlands, ground water levels or wells.
- (d) When any proposed discharge may have an impact upon streams, wetlands and/or storm sewers, the OCD may seek to require minimizatione or elimination of this impact based on site conditions and existing stormwater system capacity.

## 34.7 Severability

If any provision of this Article shall be found invalid for any reason in a court of competent jurisdiction declares that any section, provision, paragraph, sentence, or clause of this By Law, or any rule or regulation promulgated hereunder, is invalid or unconstitutional, any other section, provision, sentence or clause thereof, or other rule or regulation promulgated hereunder, shall remain in full force and effect, such invalidity shall be construed as narrowly as possible, and the balance of the Article shall be deemed to be amended to the minimum extent necessary, so as to secure the purposes thereof, as set forth in Section 34.1.

#### 34.8 Enforcement

The OCD shall enforce this By-Law, and any regulations, orders, violation notices, and enforcement orders made pursuant to this By-Law, and may pursue all civil and criminal remedies for such violations. Enforcement may be further defined and included as part of the regulations adopted pursuant to this By-Law.

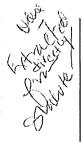
- (a) If a person violates the provisions of this By Law, or any regulation, permit, notice, or order issued thereunder, the OCD, with the approval of the Board of Selectmen, may seek injunctive relief in a court of competent jurisdiction restraining the person from activities that would create further violations or compelling the person to perform abatement or remediation of the violation.
- (ab) The OCD may issue a written order to enforce the provisions of this By-Law or the regulations thereunder, which may include an order to:
  - (i) eliminate illicit connections or discharges to the MS4;
  - (ii) \_perform monitoring, analyses, and reporting;
  - (iii) cease and desist unlawful discharges, practices, or operations; and
  - (iv) remediate contamination in connection therewith.
- (be) \_\_\_\_\_If the OCD determines that abatement or remediation of contamination is required, the order shall set forth a deadline by which such abatement or remediation must be completed. Said order shall further advise that, should the violator or property owner fail to abate or perform remediation within the specified deadline, the OCD may, at its option, authorize such work, and the expenses thereof shall be charged to the violator[JRM26].

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- Within thirty (30) days after completing all measures necessary to abate the violation or to perform remediation, the violator and the property owner will be notified of the costs incurred by the OCD, including administrative costs. The violator or property owner may file a written protest objecting to the amount or basis of costs with the Town Administrator within thirty (30) days of receipt of the notification of the costs incurred. If the amount due is not received by the expiration of the time in which to file a protest or within thirty (30) days following a decision of the Town Administrator affirming or reducing the costs, or from a final decision of a court of competent jurisdiction, the costs shall become a special assessment against the property owner and shall constitute a lien on the owner's property for the amount of said costs. Interest shall begin to accrue on any unpaid costs at the statutory rate provided in M.G.L. Ch. 59, section 57 after the thirty-first day at which the costs first become due [JRM27]
- (d) If a person violates the provisions of this By-Law, or any regulation, permit, notice, or order issued thereunder, the OCD, with the approval of the Board of Selectmen, may seek injunctive relief in a court of competent jurisdiction to restrain such person from activities that would create further violations or to compelling the person to perform abatement or remediation of the violation.
- (ei) As an alternative to other criminal and non-criminal remedies set forth in this Section, 34.12, the OCD may elect to utilize noncriminal disposition procedures set forth in Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter M.G.L. c.40, Section § 21D. The penalty for the first violation shall be \$100.00. The penalty for the second violation shall be \$200.00. The penalty for the third and subsequent violations shall be \$300.00. Each day or part thereof that such violation occurs or continues, shall constitute a separate offense.
- (fii) \_\_\_\_\_To the extent permitted by state law, or if authorized by the owner or other party in control of the property, the OCD, its agents, officers, and employees may enter upon privately owned property for the purpose of performing their duties under this section and regulation, and may make or cause to be made such examinations, surveys or sampling as the OCD deems reasonably necessary.
- (iii) Except as otherwise expressly noted in Section 34.12 (d), the decisions or orders of the OCD shall be final. Further relief shall be to a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (giv)\_\_\_\_\_ The remedies listed set forth in this Section are not intended to be exclusive of any other remedies available under any applicable federal, state, or local law.

# 34.9 Stormwater Utility[JRM28]



The Board of Selectmen shall establish just and equitable annual charges for the use of the MS4, which shall be paid by every person who discharges stormwater into it. The money so received may be applied to the payment of the cost of maintenance and repairs of the MS4, including the repayment of any debt contracted therefor sewer. In establishing quarterly or annual charges for the use of the MS4, the Board of Selectmen may establish either a uniform fee for residential properties and a separate uniform fee for commercial properties or an annual charge based upon a uniform unit method, as defined in M.G.L. c.83, §15; but, in either event, the charge shall be

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assessed in a fair and equitable manner. The charge shall be calculated to supplement other available funds as may be necessary to plan, construct, operate and maintain the MS4 and to conduct other activities authorized by this By-Law. The Board of Selectmen may grant credits against the amount of the quarterly or annual charge to those property owners who maintain onsite functioning retention/detention basins or other filtration structures as approved by the OCD. The Board of Selectmen shall adopt, through the Rules and Regulations authorized by this By-Law, a Stormwater Utility pursuant to M.G.L. Chapter-83 Section 16 and Chapter 40 Section 1A. The Board of Selectmen shall administer, implement and enforce this Utility. Failure by the Board of Selectmen to promulgate such a Stormwater Utility through its Regulations or a legal declaration of its invalidity by a court shall not act to suspend or invalidate the effect of this By-Law.